



## Teasel

(*Dipsacus sp.*)



Teasel	
<b>General</b>	Family: Dipsacaceae Native of Europe - Introduced to North America in the 1700's <b>List B - ERADICATION required in parts of JEFFCO</b>
<b>Habitat</b>	Biennial Found in pastures, rangeland, right-of-ways, ditch banks, and disturbed areas Moist to dry, fertile soil
PLANT	
<b>Vegetation</b>	Mature plants are 2-8 feet tall The leaves are oblong, hairy Clasps the stem, forming cup-like structures
<b>Roots</b>	Thick taproot
<b>Flower</b>	June through October Purple and white Each plant produces about 3300 seeds Upward curving stiff bracts below flowerheads
<b>Seed</b>	3300 per plant Seed drops from mother plant May be transported by birds Most germinate in first season
<b>Seedling</b>	Seedlings live for a year or more before bolting
<b>Reproduction</b>	Seed

<b>CONTROL</b>			
<b>BIOLOGICAL</b>	None		
<b>CHEMICAL</b>	<i>Stage</i>	<i>Herbicide</i>	<i>Timing</i>
	Rosette to bolting	Aminopyralid (Milestone) Imazapic (Plateau) Metsulfuron (Escort XP)	Spring - early Summer Fall
<b>CULTURAL</b>	Prevention - Maintain health of site Cultivation Remove rosettes Remove seedheads, bag and dispose		
<b>MECHANICAL</b>	<i>Stage</i>	<i>Method</i>	<i>Timing</i>
<b>Burning</b>	N/A		
<b>Grazing</b>	N/A		
<b>Mowing</b>	Before flower formation	Repeat as needed	Spring - Summer

Use all chemicals according to the manufacturer's label.

No specific recommendation or endorsement is made or implied by listing the above methods or products.

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